



Figure 70: Find and Replace dialog

### Find and Replace options

The options available to refine your find and replace are as follows:

- **Find** – enter the text that you want to search for, or select a previous search from the list.
- **Match case** – distinguishes between uppercase and lowercase characters.
- **Formatted display** – searches for cell contents in a particular format. For example, if a cell has a currency value, say \$123.45 and another has the same contents but default formatting (123.45), then searching for “\$123.45” will find the currency cell but not the default-formatted cell.
- **Entire cells** – searches for cells with contents that are identical to the search text.
- **All sheets** – Searches through all of the sheets in the current spreadsheet file.
- **Replace** – enter the replacement text, or select a recent replacement text or style from the list.
- **Current selection only** – searches only the selected text or cells.
- **Replace backwards** – search starts at the current cursor position and goes backwards to the beginning of the file.
- **Wildcards** – select to use wildcards in the search. A wildcard is a special character that represents one or more unspecified characters. Wildcards make text searches more powerful, but often less specific. The following wildcards are available:
  - ? (question mark) matches any single character. For example, b?g finds “bag”, “beg”, “big”, “bog”, and “bug”.